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Synthesis, characterization and invitro antimicrobial activity of some novel 3substituted amino 2-mercapto 5,6,7,8-tetra hydro benzo(b)thieno-(2,3-d)pyrimidine-4-(3h)-ones.

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ABSTRACT

An ecofriendly synthesis of 3-substituted amino 2-mercapto 5,6,7,8- tetrahydro -benzo (b) thieno-(2,3d)-pyrimidine-4-(3H)-ones was carried out.Condensed quinazolines like thiadiazoloquinazolines & the corresponding bioisostere thiadiazolothienopyrimidines were found to be biologically active molecules, 2substituted 1, 3, 4-thiadiazolo (2,3-b) quinazolin-4-ones was reported to possess activity from our laboratories. Therefore an attempt was made to utilize the concept of bio-isosterism for the synthesis of 3-substituted amino 2-mercapto-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro(b) benzo thieno(2,3-d) pyrimidin-4(3H)-ones for activity. The 3- amino 2mercapto-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro benzo(b)thieno (2,3-d) pyrimidin-4(3H)-ones was further treated with various substituted aromatic aldehydes. The new synthesized compounds were characterized by MP, TLC, IR, ¹H NMR and Mass spectra. These synthesized compounds were subjected to anti-microbial studies using few Gram-positive, Gram-negative and fungal organisms. The standard drug used for anti-bacterial activity is Ampicillin and the standard drug used for anti-fungal activity is Miconazole nitrate. Among the compounds tested, three compounds exhibited significant antimicrobial activity.

Key words: Synthesis, Antimicrobial activity, Thienopyrimidinones, Eco-friendly, Bio-isosterism.

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INTRODUCTION

Thiephene and pyrimidine derivatives have a variety of pharmacological activities [1,2]. Thienopyrimidines have been shown to possess a variety of pharmacological activities like anti-microbial, anti-inflammatory and antimalarial activities [3-5]. Condensed Quinazoline and the corresponding bioisostere thieno pyrimidine were found to be biologically active molecules. There has been increasing interest in the chemistry of 4(3H)-Quinazolines [6] because of their biological significance. Many of them show antifungal, antibacterial, anticancer, anti-inflammatory activities. Therefore, it was thought of interest to utilize the concept of Bioisosterism for the synthesis of some Thienopyrimidin-4-ones. Thienopyrimidinones were synthesized as reported procedure [7,8]. The synthesized compounds were evaluated for their anti-microbial activity.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Chemicals

All the chemicals were procured from S. D. Fine chem.Ltd, Bilaspur

Preparation of 2-amino-3-carbethoxy 4, 5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo(b) thiophene [I]

A mixture of Cyclohexanone, Ethylcyanoacetate, Sulphur in 40ml of ethanol was warmed to a temperature between 40^{0} - 50° C and then diethylamine 4.0ml was added dropwise till the sulphur dissolved into the solution. The stirring was continued for one hour till the solid separated. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and filtered. The product was recrystallized using ethanol. M. P of pure product $: 112^{0}$ C

Preparation of Methyl N- [3-carbethoxy (4, 5, 6, 7-tetra hydro benzo) thienyl] dithiocarbamate [II]:

To a vigorously stirred solution of **[I]** (4.5 g, 0.02 mol) in dimethylsulphoxide (10 ml) at room temperature, carbondisulphide (1.6 ml;0. 26 mol) and aqueous sodium hydroxide (1.2 ml; 20 mol) were added dropwise. After 30 min dimethylsulphate (2.5 g; 0.25mol) was added dropwise under cooling in an ice bath. Stirring was continued for 3 h, and then the reaction mixture was poured into ice-water mixture. The precipitated solid was filtered, dried and recrystallized from ethanol-chloroform mixture to give pure product. M. P of pure product : $134^{\circ}C$

Preparation of 3-amino-2-mercapto-5,6,7,8-tetrahydrobenzo(b)thieno[2,3-d] pyrimidin -4(3H)-one[III]:

A Solution of [II] (3.2 g, 0.01 mol) in isopropanol (10 ml) was treated with hydrazine hydrate (99%; 4.3 g; 0. 1mol) and heated under reflux on water bath until the methylmercaptan evolution ceased. After cooling the solid obtained was filtered, dried and recrystallized from ethanol-chloroform mixture (1:1) to yield a white crystalline product. M. P. of pure product : $245^{\circ}C$

All the products were subjected to analysis by different spectral methods like, IR, NMR and mass and the structural interpretation was carried out.

Antimicrobial studies

All the synthesized compounds were screened for their antibacterial and antifungal activity by agar diffusion method at a concentration of 50µg/ml against Proteus vulgaris, Bacillus subtilis, Klebsiella pneumonia, Serratia Aspergillus niger and Candida albicans. After 24h of drug addition, zone of inhibition was measured in mm and recorded. Ampicillin, Mecanazole nitrate at 50 µg/ml were used as standards in the experiment [9,10].



RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

From the IR, ¹H NMR and Mass spectra obtained, characterization of data has been done and given in table 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. The IR spectrum of the compound III showed distinct peaks at 3335 cm⁻¹, 3117 cm⁻¹ ($-NH^2$),1684 cm⁻¹ (C=O),1558 cm⁻¹,1496 cm⁻¹ (Ar-C=C). The difference in the TLC spots, confirm the formation of 3-amino-2-mercapto-5,6,7,8-tetrahydrobenzo(b)thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one(III). The next step was the synthesis of schiff bases carried out by the reaction of 3-amino-2-mercapto-5,6,7,8-tetrahydrobenzo(b)thieno[2,3-d] pyrimidin-4(3H)-one with substituted benzaldehydes in the presence of glacial acetic acid and ethanol is used as a solvent to yield ten schiff bases. Further the IR peaks confirmed the formation of schiff bases. The IR peaks are reported in table. Substantial proof for the formation of all these new title compounds has been provided by the difference in the melting point and R_f values (TLC).



 Table 1: Physical data of 3-amino-2-mercapto-5, 6,7,8-tetrahydrobenzo(b) thieno[2,3-d]

 pyrimidin-4(3H)-one (III)

Comp.	Mol.	M.W(g)	Recrystalization	M.P	% Yield	TLC Solvent System
Code	Formula		Solvent	(°C)		
	$C_{10}H_{11}N_3OS_2$	253	Ethanol-chloroform mixture(1:1)	245	74.62	Benzene:Methanol (9:1)

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Table 2: Physical data of 3-(substituted- (phenylazo methine))2-mercapto-5,6, 7, 8-tetra hydro benzo (b) thieno[2,3-d] pyrimidin-4(3H)-one

Comp.		Mol.	M.W	M.P	o()(* 1 1	Recryatallization		
Code	к	formula	(g)	(°C)	% Yield	solvent	TLC Solvent System	
Illa	2-hydroxy	$C_{17}H_{15}N_3O_2S_2$	357	185	71.7	DMF and H_2O	C ₂ H ₅ OH: CH ₃ OH:	
						Mixture	H ₂ O	
							(6:2:2)	
IIIb	4-hydroxy	$C_{17}H_{15}N_3O_2S_2$	357	119	78.7	DMF and H_2O	C_2H_5OH : CH_3OH :	
						Mixture	H ₂ O	
							(6:2:2)	
IIIc	2-nitro	$C_{18}H_{17}N_3O_3S_2$	387	220	63.2	DMF and H_2O	C_2H_5OH : CH_3OH :	
						Mixture	H ₂ O	
							(6:2:2)	
IIId	3-nitro	$C_{17}H_{14}N_4O_3S_2$	386	229	69.4	DMF and H ₂ O	C_2H_5OH : CH_3OH :	
						Mixture	H ₂ O	
							(6:2:2)	
llle	4-methoxy	$C_{18}H_{17}N_3O_2S_2$	371	162	71.2	DMF and H ₂ O	C_2H_5OH : CH_3OH :	
						Mixture	H_2O	
	0 11		0.07	000	(0.01		(6:2:2)	
IIIf	3-methoxy,	$C_{18}H_{17}N_3O_3S_2$	387	220	63.21	DIVIF and H ₂ O	C_2H_5OH : CH_3OH :	
	4-hydroxy					wixture	H_2U	
			257	110	70.7	DME and U.O.		
ing	3,4,5 – Tri	$C_{17}\Pi_{15}\Pi_{3}O_{2}O_{2}O_{2}O_{2}O_{2}O_{2}O_{2}O_{2$	357	119	/0./	DIVIF and H ₂ O	C_2H_5OH : CH_3OH :	
	methoxy					wixture	$\Pi_2 \cup$	
IIIb			276	140	04 1	DME and U.O.		
	2-chloro	C17H14N3O32CI	370	100	00.1	Divir anu n ₂ 0 Mixturo		
						IVIIALUIE	(6.2.2)	
		CH. N.OS.CI	376	1/0	76.5	DME and H ₂ O		
	4-chloro	01/11/414300201	570	140	70.5	Mixture	H ₂ O	
						WINCO	(6:2:2)	
	4-Dimethyl	C10H20N4OS2	384	190	85.4	DMF and H ₂ O	C2H₅OH: CH2OH.	
IIIj		019. 20. 4002				Mixture	H ₂ O	
	amino						(6:2:2)	

Table 3: Spectral data of 3-amino-2-mercapto-5, 6,7,8-tetrahydrobenzo(b) thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one (III)

Comp. Code	IR(KBr)(cm ⁻¹)
111	3335 cm ⁻¹ ,3117 cm ⁻¹ (-NH ²),1684 cm ⁻¹ (C=O),1558 cm ⁻¹ ,1496 cm ⁻¹ (Ar-C=C).



Table 4: Spectral data of 3-(substituted- (phenylazo methine))2-mercapto-5,6, 7, 8 tetra hydro benzo (b) thieno[2,3-d] pyrimidin-4(3H)-one

Comp.			¹ H NMR	MASS
Code	n		(DMSO)(δ)	M⁺
IIIa	2-hydroxy	3275 cm ⁻¹ (NH);1635 cm ⁻¹ (s)(C=O);1558 cm ⁻¹ (s)(N=CH);1522 cm ⁻¹ (ArC=); 3422 cm ⁻¹ (OH).		[294] ⁺
IIIb	4-hydroxy	3316 cm ⁻¹ (NH);1635 cm ⁻¹ (s) (C=O);3422 cm ⁻¹ (OH); 1522 cm ⁻¹ (Ar-C=)		
llic	2-nitro	3422(N-H);1684(s),(C=O),1576, 1508(Ar- C=C) 1558(N=CH) 1520(NO ₂)		
	3-nitro	$1560 \text{ cm}^{-1}, 1352 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ (s) (Ar-NO ₂); 1662	δ=1.62(d) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
		(N=CH).	δ=1.62(t) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
			δ=2.55(t) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
			δ=2.55(d) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
IIId			δ=1.55(s) (1H) (-SH)	
			δ=7.64(d) (1H) (Ar-H)	
			δ=7.14(t) (1H) (Ar-H)	
			δ=6.89(d) (1H)(Ar-H)	
			δ=7.12 (s) (1H) (Ar-H)	
	4-methoxy	2926(NH);1670,	δ=1.62 (d) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
		1635(C=O);1603, 1558(Ar-C=C);	δ=1.62 (t) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
			δ=2.55 (t) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
			δ=2.55 (d) (2H) (-CH ₂)	
llle			δ=1.55(s) (1H) (-SH)	
			δ=6.77(d) (1H) (Ar-H)	
			δ=7.15(d) (1H) (Ar-H)	
			δ=6.77(d) (1H)(Ar-H)	
			δ=7.15 (d) (1H) (Ar-H)	
JIIF	3-methoxy,	3275(NH);1635(s)(C=O);		
	4-hydroxy	(Ar-C=C);3422(OH)		
IIIg	3,4,5 –Tri methoxy	3308(NH);1647(C=O); 1508(s)(Ar-C=C); 1595(s)(N=CH)		

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IIIh	2-chloro	2851(C-H);3250(s) (NH);1647(s)(C=O); 1608(N=C-H)1496(s) (Ar-C=C),767(C=CI)	
IIIi	4-chloro	3337(N-H);3032(C- H),1647(C=O),1603(N=C-H);858(C- Cl),1522(Ar-C=C)	
IIIj	4-Dimethyl amino	3265(NH);1662(s)(C=O);1489 , 1361(Ar- C=C); 1608(s)(N=CH)	

Table 5: Antimicrobial activity of 3-(substituted- (phenylazo methine))2-mercapto-5,6, 7,8-tetra hydro benzo (b) thieno[2,3-d] pyrimidin-4(3H)-one

Comp. Code	Zone of Inhibition in mm.							
	P.Vulgaris	B.subtilus	K.pneumonia	Serratia	A. niger	C. albicans		
Illa	NA	8	7	10	NA	NA		
IIIb	12	10	NA	9	9	10		
IIIc	8	7	6	10	12	8		
IIId	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Ille	NA	NA	NA	NA	10	7		
IIIf	12	10	9	7	8	7		
IIIg	9	10	12	NA	7	12		
IIIh	NA	NA	NA	NA	12	10		
IIIi	NA	NA	9	7	8	NA		
IIIj	9	10	12	10	10	8		
Ampicillin	20	15	20	20				
Miconazole					20	15		

NA = Not active.

CONCLUSION

10 new schiff bases were also synthesized as per the scheme. The IR spectra of all compounds, NMR and the mass spectra of compound were studied and ascertained. All the compounds were also screened for antibacterial and anti-fungal activities. From the screening results it was observed that, the compound with 2nitrobenzaldehyde substituted schiff base (IIIc) showed moderate antibacterial activity against gram-positive, gram-negative organisms and fungi. The compound (IIIf) and (IIIj) with 3-methoxy,4-hydroxy & pdimethylaminophenylbenzaldehyde substituted schiff bases substitution showed moderate activity against gram positive and gram negative organism and fungi. The compound with 2-chlorobenzaldehyde substituted schiff bases and (IIIh) substitution showed moderate activity against Aspergillus niger and cladosporium and low activity against gram positive and gram-negative microorganisms.

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